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U.S. Department of Homeland Security

Citizenship and Immigration Services

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ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS OFFICE CIS, AAO, 20 Mass, 3/F 425 I Street N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20536

File:

Office: California Service Center

Date:

1AN 16 7004

IN RE: Applicant:

Application:

Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality

Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

IN BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. *Id.*

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.7.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director Administrative Appeals Office **DISCUSSION:** The application was denied by the Director, California Service Center. The application is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of El Salvador who indicated on his application that he entered the United States on July 2, 1999, without a lawful admission or parole. The director denied the application for Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. §1254, because the record established that the applicant had been convicted of two misdemeanors in the United States.

On appeal, the applicant admits to his misdemeanor convictions. The applicant requests that the AAO exercise discretion and set aside his convictions because at the time he "did not knowingly, nor intentionally violate the law (misdemeanor charges) but due to his lack of knowledge and understanding of the law." The applicant asserts that he has been obedient and respectful of the law since his convictions.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an applicant who is a national of a foreign state designated by the Attorney General is eligible for temporary protected status only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national, as defined in section 101(a)(21) of the Act, of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under section 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f) (1) Registers for TPS during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the Federal Register, or
 - (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation, if at the time of the initial registration period:....

Section 244(c) ALIENS ELIGIBLE FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTED STATUS.-

(2) ELIGIBILITY STANDARDS.-

- (B) ALIENS INELIGIBLE. An alien shall not be eligible for temporary protected status under this section if the Attorney General finds that-
 - (i) the alien has been convicted of any felony or 2 misdemeanors committed in the United States,....

"Misdemeanor" means a crime committed in the United States, either (1) punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or (2) a crime treated as a misdemeanor under the term "felony" of this section. For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a misdemeanor. 8 C.F.R. § 244.1.

The record reveals that on or about October 29, 2000, the applicant was charged in the Los Angeles County Municipal Court (California) with driving under the influence and driving with .08 percent or more alcohol in the blood. On November 20, 2000, the applicant was convicted of driving with .08 percent or more alcohol in the blood, a misdemeanor. The remaining charge was dismissed. Case no. 0YH00348.

The record also reveals that on or about September 9, 2001, the applicant was charged in the Los Angeles County Municipal Court (California) with theft of property. On September 10, 2001, the complaint was amended to include a misdemeanor trespass offense. The applicant was subsequently convicted of the trespass offense. The remaining charge was dismissed. Case no. 1PN04572.

Neither the applicant's acknowledgement of past mistakes nor his satisfactory completion of all of his court obligations eliminates his convictions. Further, the AAO does not, and cannot, set aside criminal convictions.

The applicant is ineligible for temporary protected status because of his two misdemeanor convictions. 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a).

The burden of proof is upon the applicant to establish that he or she meets the above requirements. The applicant's statement, on appeal, does not overcome the adverse evidence in the record. Consequently, the director's decision to deny the application for temporary protected status will be affirmed.

An alien applying for temporary protected status has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.